'GIVITI' #COVID 19 MEETING ON ICU PATIENTS

10/3/20 SUMMARY BY: DR JONNY WILKINSON DR DAVID LYNESS

PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS

~70 YEARS OLD
OBESITY = COMMON COMORB
NET PREVALENCE IN MALE POPULATION
XRAY PICTURE OF BILATERAL INTERSTITIAL PNEUMONIA
(POSSIBILITY OF FINDING ASSYMMETRY IN BACTERIAL SUPERINFECTION)

PHARMACOTHERAPY USED IN N.ITALY (INFO ONLY - NOT GUIDELINES)

LOPINAVIR/RITONAVIR (KALETRA) 200/50MG X2 BD CHLOROQUINE 500MG BD OR HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE 200MG BD

ANTIBIOTIC PROPHYLAXIS VARIES...
TAZOCIN, CEFTRIAXONE, BACTRIM, ANTIFUNGALS
ABANDONED USE OF AZITHROMYCIN...
STEROIDS (ONLY IN CASES OF FIBROTIC SIGNS) - NOT EARLY

TOCILIZUMAB IL-6 INHIBITOR -

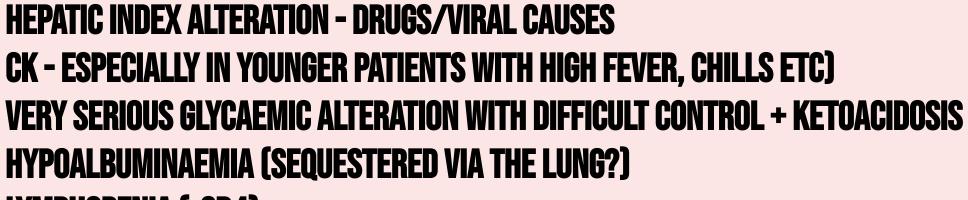
NO ROUTINE INDICATION - RATIONALE AS AN ANTIINFLAMMATORY GIVEN LYMPHOPENIA

LABS

PCT = 0 (IN ABSENCE OF SUPERINFECTION)

PCR

LDH



LYMPHOPENIA (-CD4)

NORMAL BNP

MONITORING

CXR - FOR DEFINITION OF CHEST STATE ON ADMISSION. REPEATABLE BUT MAY NOT RELATE ENTIRELY TO CLINICAL STATE **CT CHEST** NOT INDICATED FOR HIGH DIFFICULTY IN TRANSPORTATION - HIGH RISK OF SPREADING VIRUS.

LUNG ULTRASOUND = HIGHLY INDICATED FOR THE DAILY EVALUATION OF LUNG PICTURE

PATTERN 1 = DIFFUSE B-LINE PROFILE = RESPONDS WELL TO PEEP

PATTERN 2 = BIBASAL 'PLAPS' SHOWS CONSOLIDATION/PARAPNEMONIC EFFUSIONS/ATELECTASIS WHERE FRONT AREAS

VENTILATED AND REAR AREAS ARE ATELECTATIC = RESPONSIVE TO PRONATION

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY - MAY SHOW DYSKINESIAS (?MYOCARDITIS)

WEANING

- INDICATORS SUGGESTIVE DE-ESCALATION POSSIBLE
- NO FEVER
- CLEAR SWABS (PCR, LDH)
- EUVOLEMIA
- PEEP < 12CMH₂O OR PAO₂ / FIO₂ > 150MMHG (20KPA)
- FIO₂≤50%



RESUSCITATION THERAPY

DEEP SEDATION

CURARISATION (WITH WINDOW DURING SUPINATION)
NEGATIVE WATER BALANCE (FOR LUNGS)
PROTECTIVE VENTILATION....

HIGH PEEP REQUIRED, EVEN > 15CMH20 - CAREFUL MONITORING USUALLY GOOD LUNG COMPLIANCE SEEN (UNLIKE ARDS FRAMEWORK) AND ONE CAN VENTILATE PTS WITH NOT HIGH DRIVING PRESSURES.

PRONATION FROM 18-24H

FUNDAMENTAL THERAPY PRINCIPLES = EXTREMELY EFFECTIVE

OFTEN UP TO 7 ROTATIONS NECESSARY

CONSIDER A DEDICATED 'PRONING' TEAM

** DO NOT TRUST THE FIRST IMPROVEMENT AND FOLLOW THE THERAPY AT LEAST UNTIL
THE SIGNALS OF RESPONSE TO THE THERAPY ARE OBSERVED**

TRACHEOSTOMY WITHIN 7 DAYS DUE TO HIGH RISK OF RELAPSE - SHOULD BE CONSIDERED

CRRT - RESERVE FOR PATIENTS MOST LIKELY TO DEVELOP POSITIVE FLUID BALANCE FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

1. INCREASED NURSING JOB LOAD

2. DISPOSAL OF INFECTED CELLS/FLUIDS



NITRIC OXIDE - IMPORTANT "RESULTS" ARE NOT OBSERVED, BUT IT CAN BE USEFUL TO SAVE TIME IN THE MOST CRITICAL PATIENTS (EXTREME THERAPY)

ECMO (RARELY NECESSARY - PATIENTS ARE VERY RESPONSIVE TO ADEQUATE VENTILATION THERAPY)
INDICATED IN CASES OF:

- PATIENT NOT RESPONSIVE TO THERAPY
- EXTREME HYPOXEMIA

THESE ARE THOUGHTS TAKEN FROM A WEBINAR ON 10/3/20 FROM INTENSIVISTS IN NORTHERN ITALY, DEALING WITH #COVID19 THEY ARE NOT CLINICAL GUIDELINES AND ARE NOT THE RESULTS OF TRIALS ETC. GENERAL EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION ONLY.